

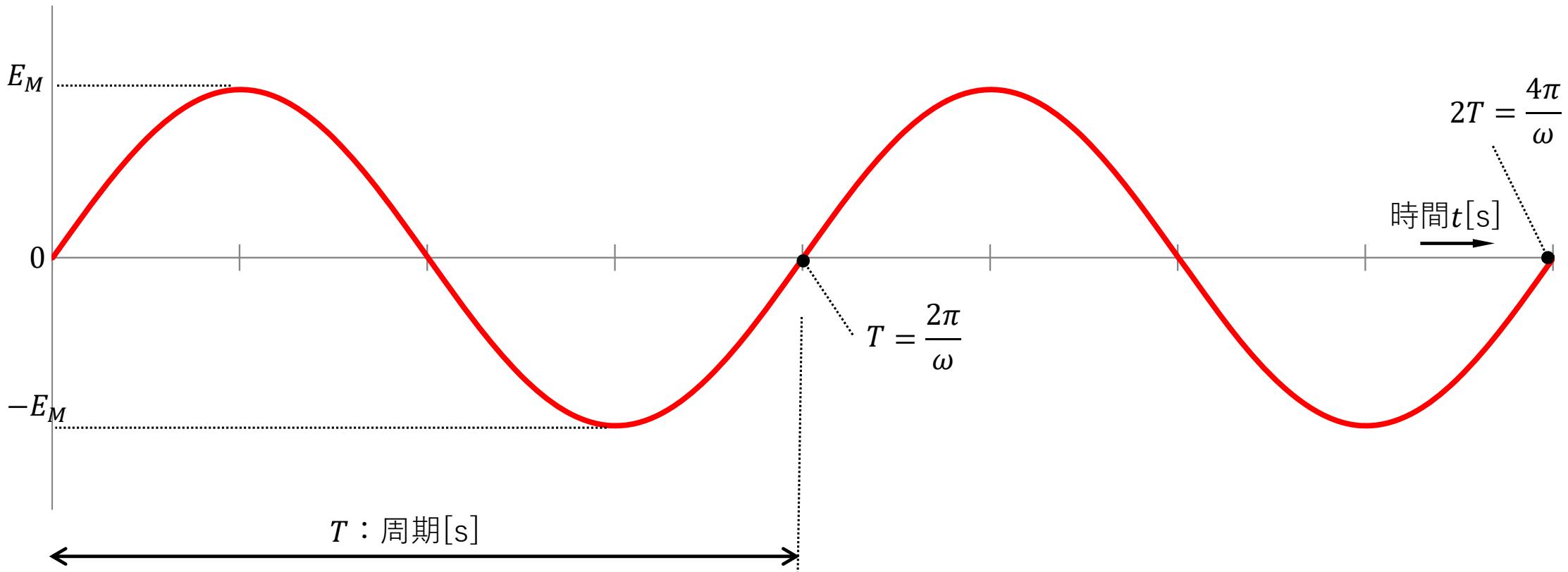
## フーリエ級数 《高調波》

交流電圧[V] :  $e(t) = E_M \sin \omega t$  ( $E_M$  : 瞬時最大電圧、 $\omega$  : 角周波数[rad/s])

度数法      弧度法

円の1周 :  $360[^{\circ}] = 2\pi[\text{rad}]$

$\omega t = 2\pi[\text{rad}]$  で1周期なので、1周期に必要な時間は、 $T = \frac{2\pi}{\omega}$  [s]と表せます。周波数  $f[\text{Hz}]$  は  $f = \frac{1}{T} = \frac{\omega}{2\pi}$



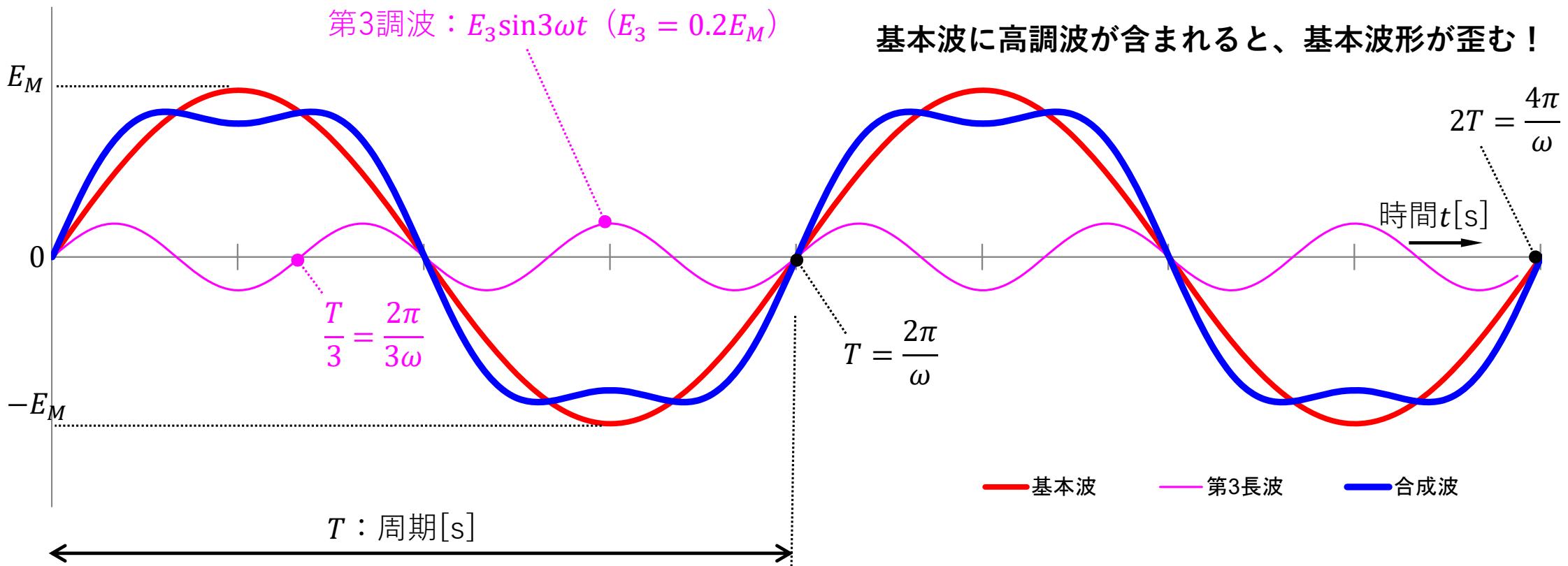
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基本波 :  $E_M \sin \omega t$

第  $n$  調波 :  $E_M \sin n\omega t$

基本波 :  $n=1$ 、 $n$ 次の高調波 :  $n \geq 2$

電圧（合成波） :  $e(t) = \text{基本波} + \text{全ての高調波}$



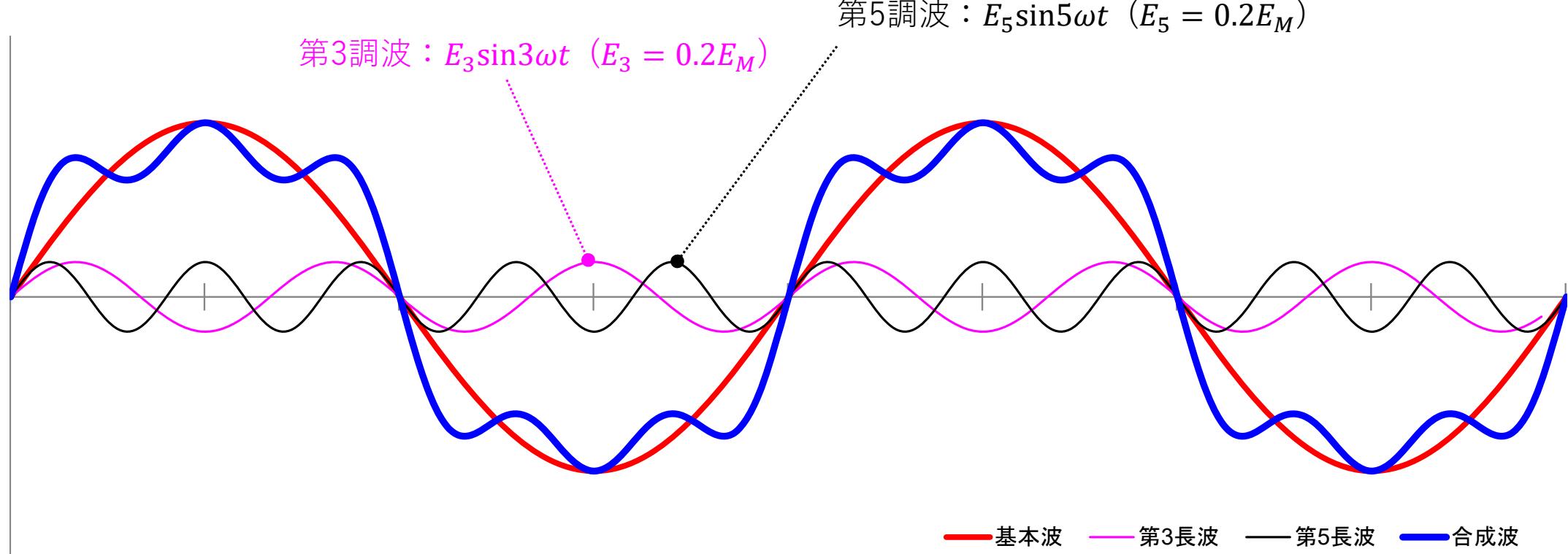
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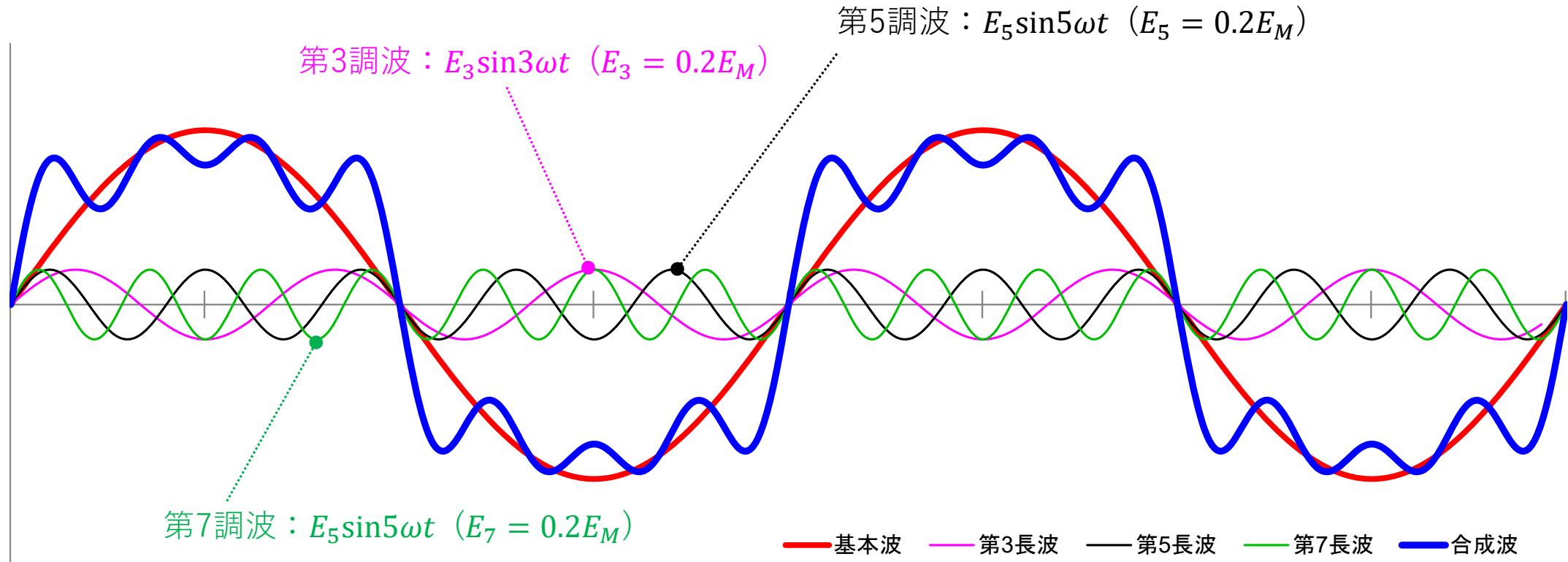
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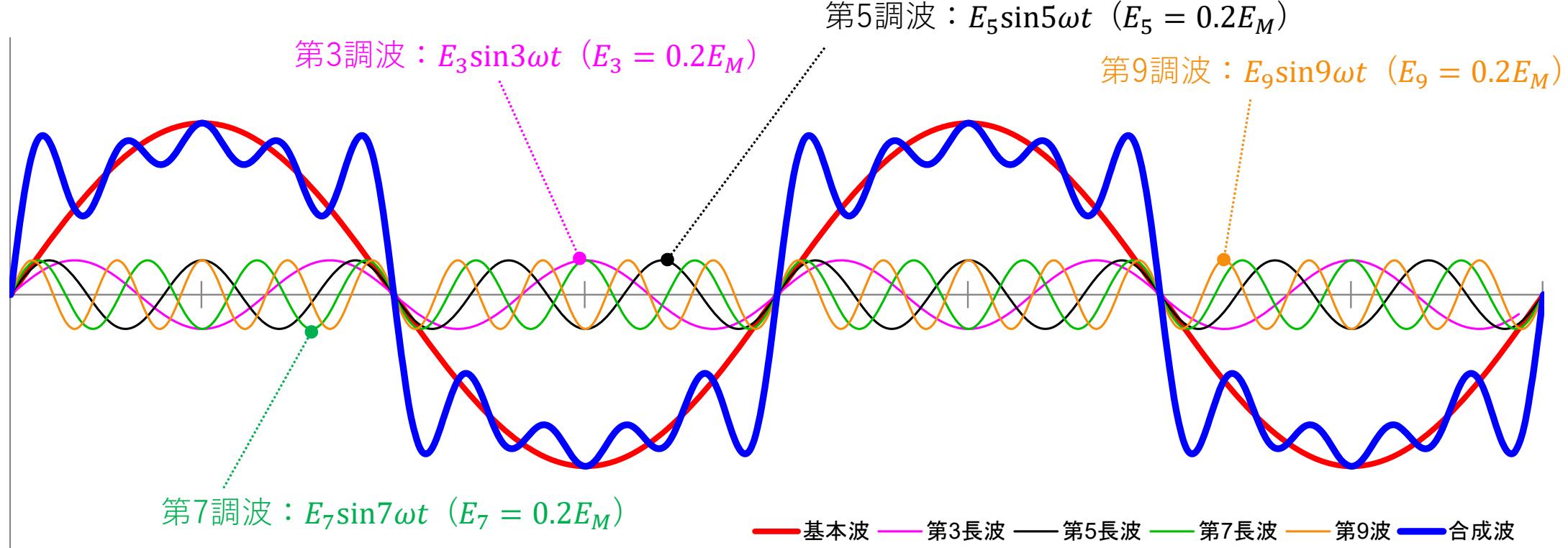
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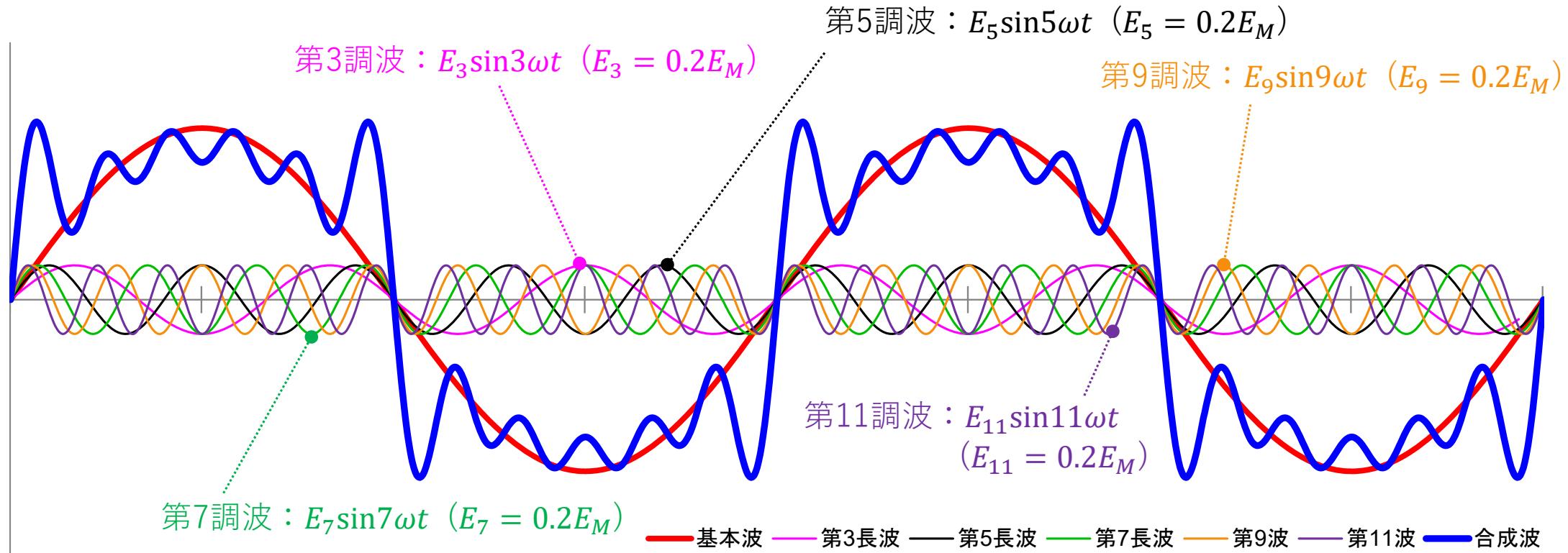
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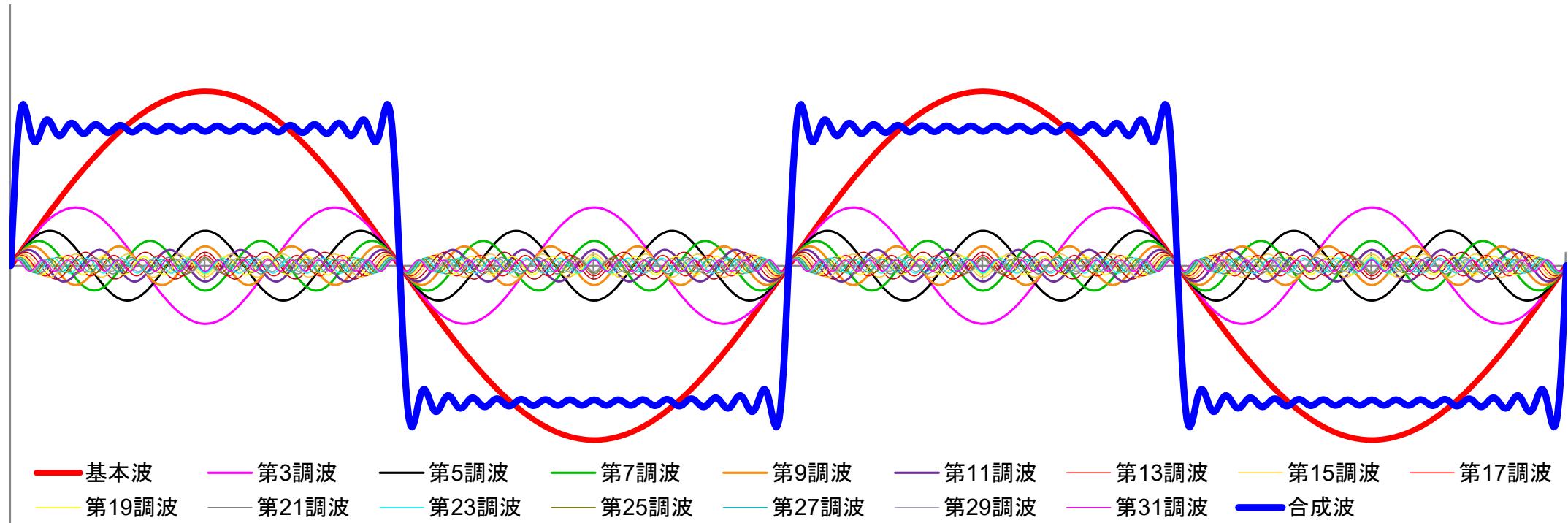
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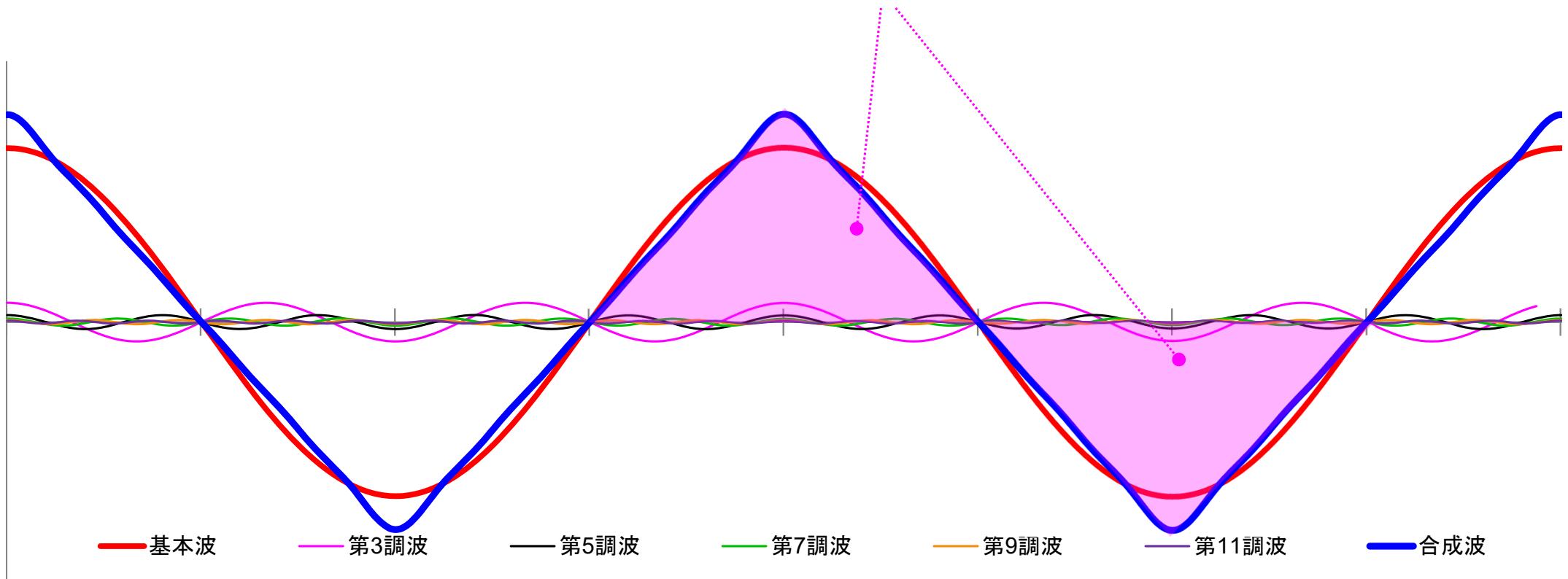


## フーリエ級数 《高調波》



## フーリエ級数 《高調波》

対称波：正の半波と負の半波がX軸に対して対称な波



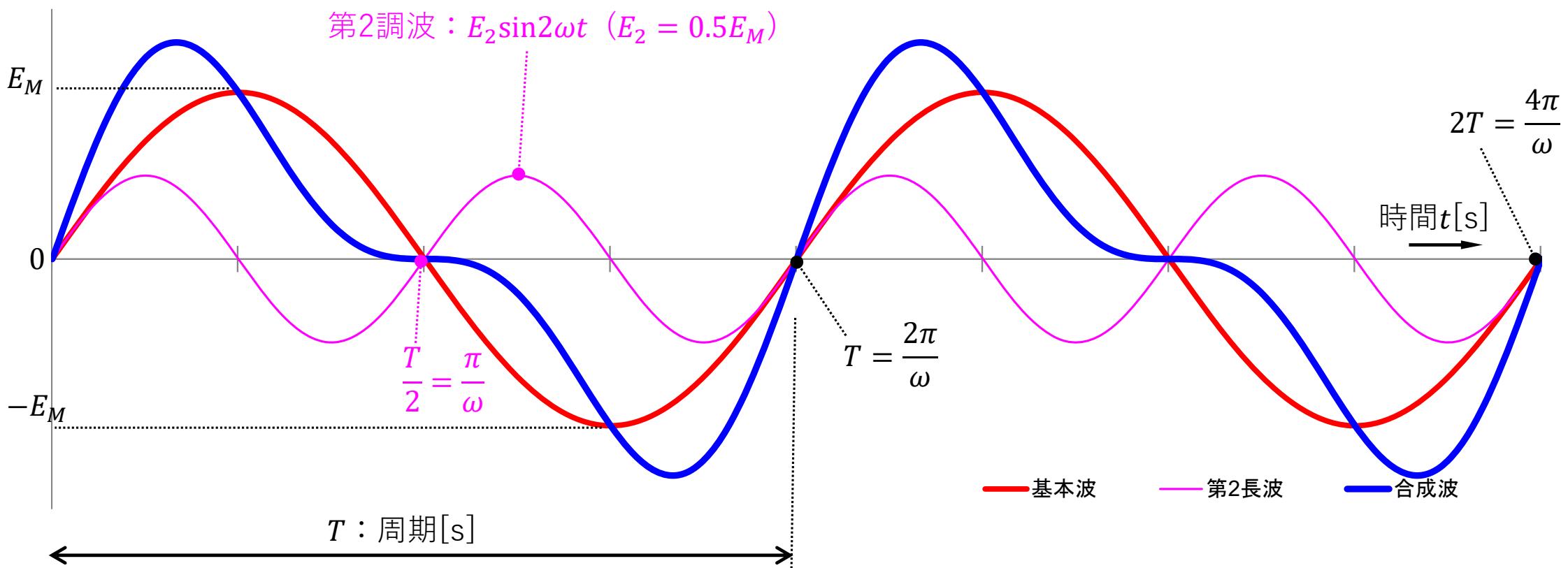
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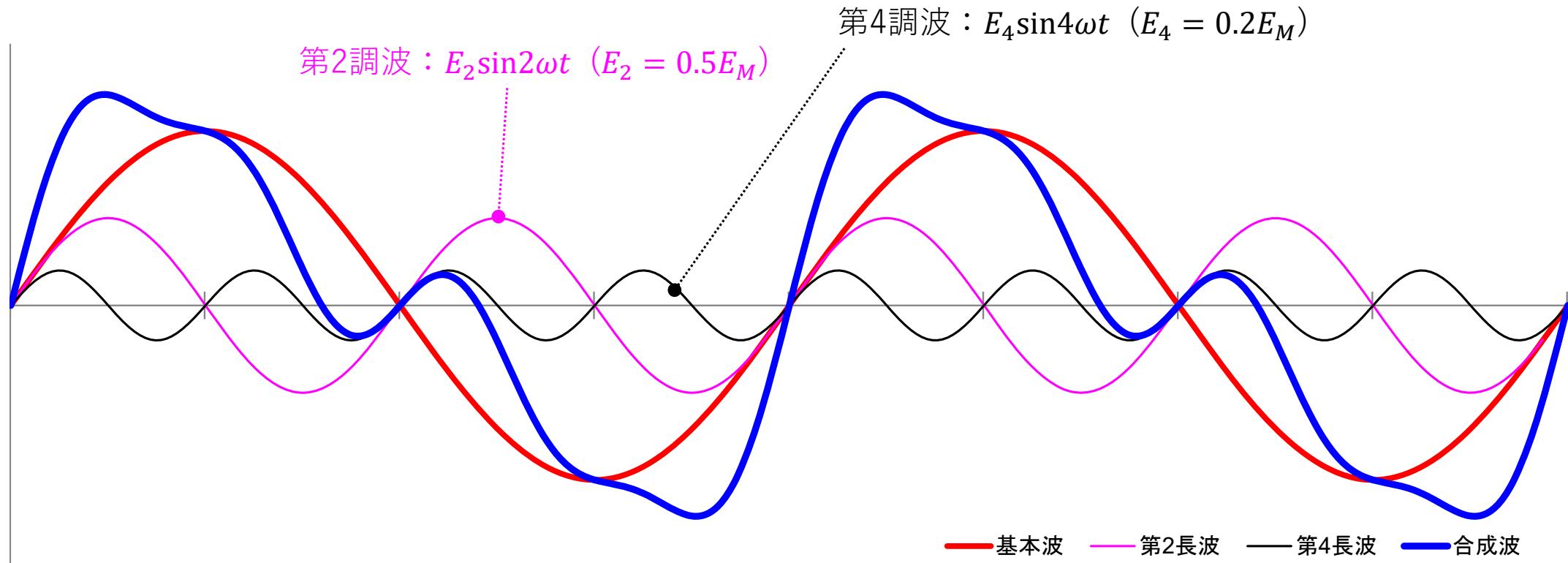
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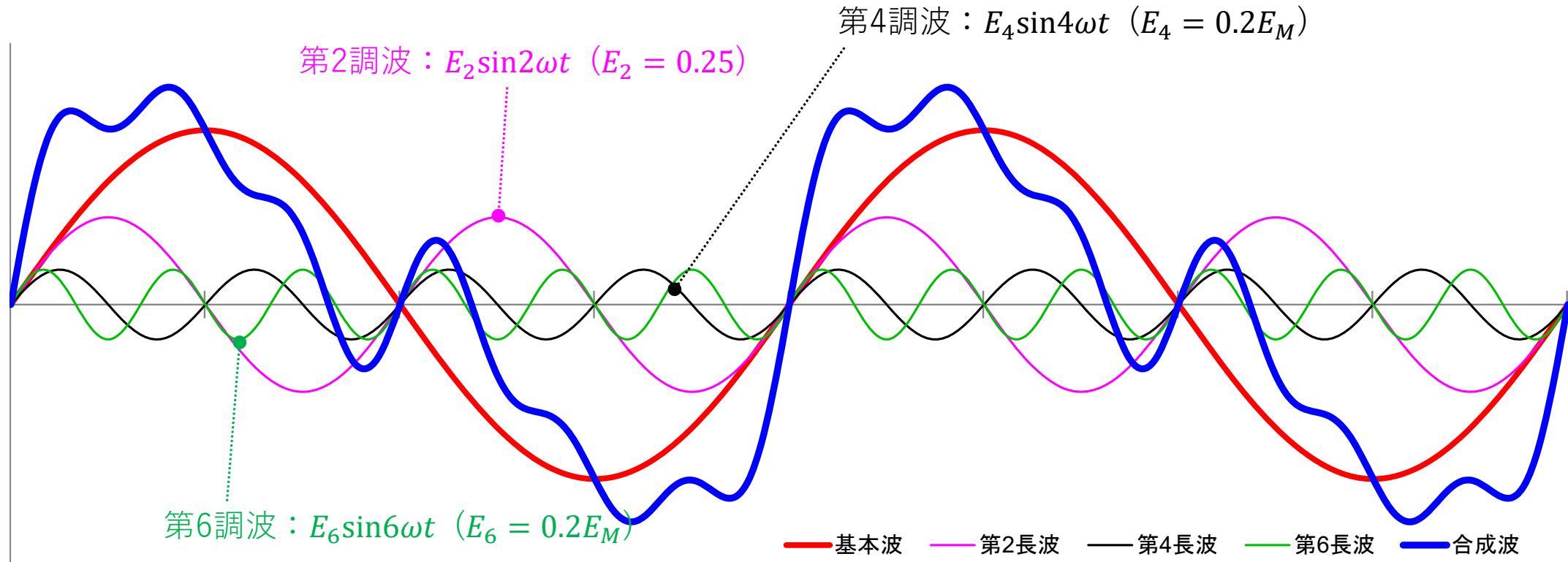
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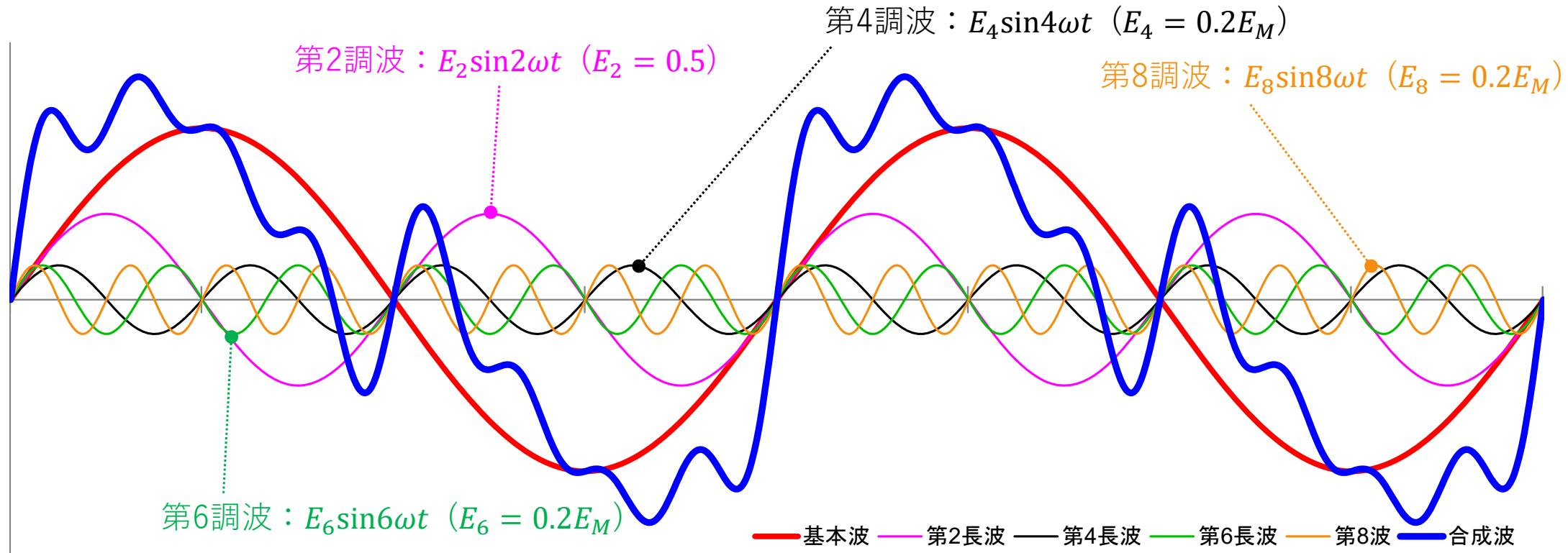
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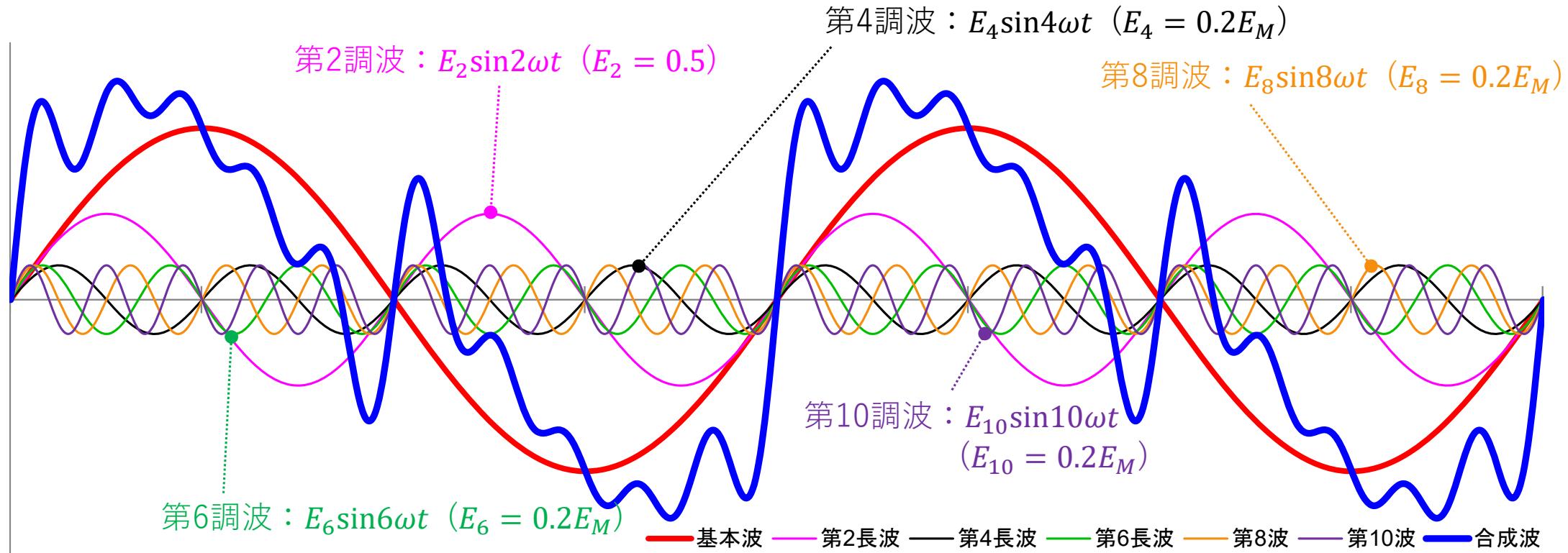
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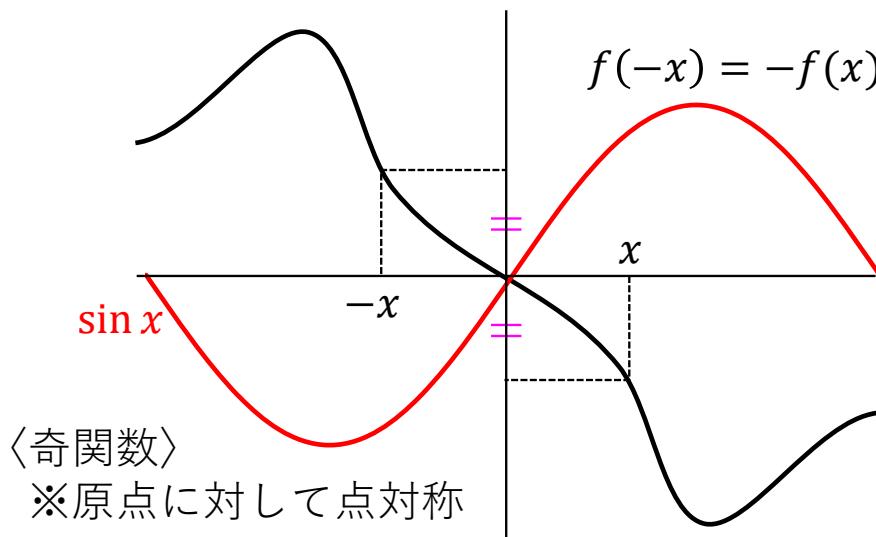
## フーリエ級数 《フーリエ級数展開の基本形》

$$f(x) = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} (a_n \sin nx + b_n \cos nx) = a_0 \sin 0 + a_1 \sin x + a_2 \cos 2x + \cdots + a_n \sin nx + \cdots$$

$$+ b_0 \cos 0 + b_1 \cos x + b_2 \cos 2x + \cdots + b_n \cos nx + \cdots$$

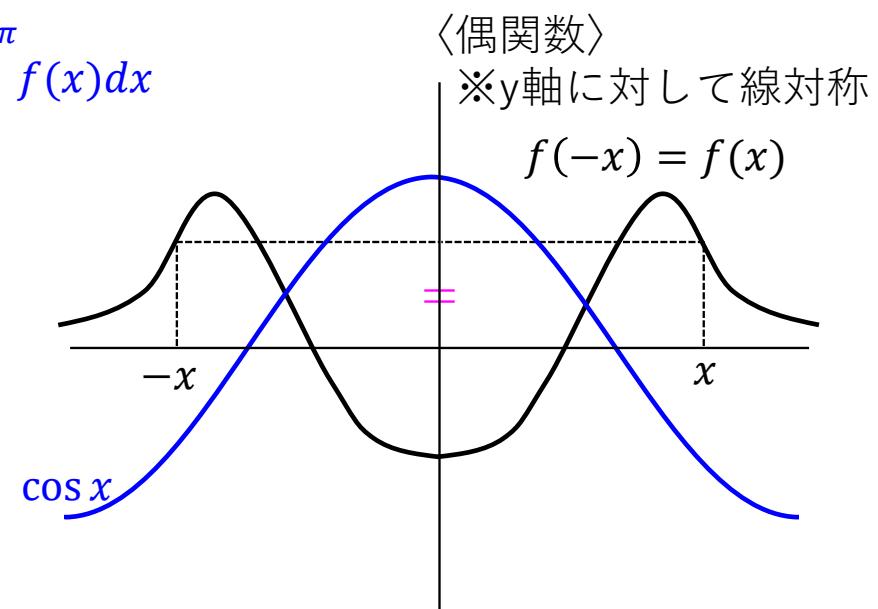
$$= \underbrace{a_1 \sin x + a_2 \sin 2x + \cdots + a_n \sin nx}_{\text{奇関数成分}} + \underbrace{b_0 + b_1 \cos x + b_2 \cos 2x + \cdots + b_n \cos nx}_{\frac{1}{c^{2\pi}} \text{偶関数}}$$

$$a_n = \frac{1}{\pi} \int_0^{2\pi} f(x) \sin nx \, dx$$



$$b_n = \frac{1}{\pi} \int_0^{2\pi} f(x) \cos nx \, dx$$

$$b_0 = \frac{1}{2\pi} \int_0^{2\pi} f(x) dx$$



## フーリエ級数 《フーリエ級数の導出 1》

$$f(x) = a_1 \sin x + a_2 \sin 2x + \cdots + a_n \sin nx + \cdots + b_0 + b_1 \cos x + b_2 \cos 2x + \cdots + b_n \cos nx + \cdots$$

i)  $b_0$ を求める →  $f(x)$ を $0 \sim 2\pi$ まで積分する

$$\int_0^{2\pi} f(x)dx = \int_0^{2\pi} (a_1 \sin x + \cdots + a_n \sin nx + \cdots)dx + \int_0^{2\pi} (b_0 + b_1 \cos x + \cdots + b_n \cos nx + \cdots)dx \quad \cdots(1)$$

$$\int_0^{2\pi} a_n \sin nx dx = a_n \left[ -\frac{\cos nx}{n} \right]_0^{2\pi} = \frac{a_n}{n} (-\cos 2\pi n + \cos 0) = 0 \quad \cdots(2)$$

$$\int_0^{2\pi} b_0 dx = b_0 [x]_0^{2\pi} = b_0 (2\pi - 0) = 2\pi b_0 \quad \cdots(3)$$

$$\int_0^{2\pi} b_n \cos nx dx = b_n \left[ \frac{\sin nx}{n} \right]_0^{2\pi} = \frac{b_n}{n} (\sin 2\pi n - \sin 0) = 0 \quad \cdots(4)$$

①に②③④を代入すると、  $\int_0^{2\pi} f(x)dx = 0 + 2\pi b_0 + 0$        $\therefore b_0 = \frac{1}{2\pi} \int_0^{2\pi} f(x)dx$

## フーリエ級数 《フーリエ級数の導出 2》

$$f(x) = a_1 \sin x + a_2 \sin 2x + \cdots + a_n \sin nx + \cdots + b_0 + b_1 \cos x + b_2 \cos 2x + \cdots + b_n \cos nx + \cdots$$

ii)  $a_n$ を求める →  $f(x)$ に $\sin mx$ をかけて $0 \sim 2\pi$ まで積分する

$$\int_0^{2\pi} f(x) \sin mx dx = \int_0^{2\pi} (a_1 \sin x + \cdots + a_n \sin nx + \cdots) \sin mx dx + \int_0^{2\pi} (b_0 + b_1 \cos x + \cdots + b_n \cos nx + \cdots) \sin mx dx \dots (1)$$

$$\int_0^{2\pi} a_n \sin nx \cdot \sin mx dx = \frac{a_n}{2} \int_0^{2\pi} \{\cos(n-m)x - \cos(n+m)x\} dx = \frac{a_n}{2} \left[ \frac{\sin(n-m)x}{n-m} - \frac{\sin(n+m)x}{n+m} \right]_0^{2\pi} \dots (2)$$

②は $n \neq m$ なら0。 $n = m$ ならば、

$$\int_0^{2\pi} a_n \sin^2 nx dx = \frac{a_n}{2} \int_0^{2\pi} \{1 - \cos 2nx\} dx = \frac{a_n}{2} \left[ x - \frac{\sin 2nx}{2n} \right]_0^{2\pi} = \frac{a_n}{2} (2\pi - 0 - 0 + 0) = \pi a_n \dots (3)$$

$$\int_0^{2\pi} b_0 \sin mx dx = b_0 \left[ -\frac{\cos mx}{m} \right]_0^{2\pi} = \frac{b_0}{m} (-\cos 2\pi m + \cos 0) = 0 \dots (4)$$

$$\int_0^{2\pi} b_n \cos nx \cdot \sin mx dx = \frac{b_n}{2} \int_0^{2\pi} \{\sin(n+m)x - \sin(n-m)x\} dx = \frac{b_n}{2} \left[ -\frac{\cos(n+m)x}{n+m} + \frac{\cos(n-m)x}{n-m} \right]_0^{2\pi} \dots (5)$$

⑤は $n \neq m$ なら0。 $n = m$ ならば、

$$\int_0^{2\pi} b_n \cos nx \cdot \sin nx dx = \frac{b_n}{2} \int_0^{2\pi} \sin 2nx dx = \frac{b_n}{2} \left[ -\frac{\cos 2nx}{2n} \right]_0^{2\pi} = \frac{b_n}{4n} (-\cos 4\pi n + \cos 0) = 0 \dots (6)$$

$$n = m \text{として } (1) \text{に } (3)(4)(6) \text{を代入すると、 } \int_0^{2\pi} f(x) \sin nx dx = \pi a_n + 0 + 0 \quad \therefore a_n = \frac{1}{\pi} \int_0^{2\pi} f(x) \sin nx dx$$

## フーリエ級数 《フーリエ級数の導出 3》

$$f(x) = a_1 \sin x + a_2 \sin 2x + \cdots + a_n \sin nx + \cdots + b_0 + b_1 \cos x + b_2 \cos 2x + \cdots + b_n \cos nx + \cdots$$

iii)  $b_n$ を求める →  $f(x)$ に  $\cos mx$ をかけて0~ $2\pi$ まで積分する

$$\int_0^{2\pi} f(x) \cos mx dx = \int_0^{2\pi} (a_1 \sin x + \cdots + a_n \sin nx + \cdots) \cos mx dx + \int_0^{2\pi} (b_0 + b_1 \cos x + \cdots + b_n \cos nx + \cdots) \cos mx dx \cdots \textcircled{1}$$

$$\int_0^{2\pi} a_n \sin nx \cdot \cos mx dx = \frac{a_n}{2} \int_0^{2\pi} \{\sin(n+m)x + \sin(n-m)x\} dx = \frac{a_n}{2} \left[ -\frac{\cos(n+m)x}{n+m} - \frac{\cos(n-m)x}{n-m} \right]_0^{2\pi} \cdots \textcircled{2}$$

②は  $n \neq m$  なら0。  $n = m$  ならば、

$$\int_0^{2\pi} a_n \sin nx \cdot \cos nx dx = \frac{a_n}{2} \int_0^{2\pi} \sin 2nx dx = \frac{a_n}{2} \left[ -\frac{\cos 2nx}{2n} \right]_0^{2\pi} = \frac{a_n}{4n} (-\cos 4\pi n + \cos 0) = 0 \cdots \textcircled{3}$$

$$\int_0^{2\pi} b_0 \cos mx dx = b_0 \left[ \frac{\sin mx}{m} \right]_0^{2\pi} = \frac{b_0}{m} (\sin 2\pi m - \sin 0) = 0 \cdots \textcircled{4}$$

$$\int_0^{2\pi} b_n \cos nx \cdot \cos mx dx = \frac{b_n}{2} \int_0^{2\pi} \{\cos(n+m)x + \cos(n-m)x\} dx = \frac{b_n}{2} \left[ \frac{\sin(n+m)x}{n+m} + \frac{\sin(n-m)x}{n-m} \right]_0^{2\pi} \cdots \textcircled{5}$$

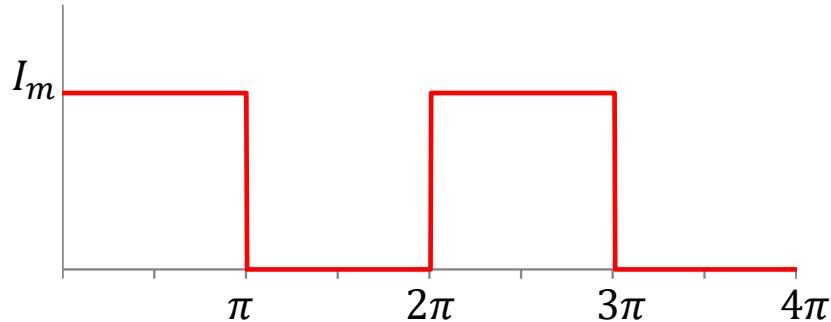
⑤は  $n \neq m$  なら0。  $n = m$  ならば、

$$\int_0^{2\pi} b_n \cos^2 nx dx = \frac{b_n}{2} \int_0^{2\pi} \{1 + \cos 2nx\} dx = \frac{b_n}{2} \left[ x + \frac{\sin 2nx}{2n} \right]_0^{2\pi} = \frac{b_n}{2} (2\pi + 0 - 0 - 0) = \pi b_n \cdots \textcircled{6}$$

$$n = m \text{ として } \textcircled{1} \text{ に } \textcircled{3} \text{ } \textcircled{4} \text{ } \textcircled{6} \text{ を代入すると、 } \int_0^{2\pi} f(x) \cos nx dx = \pi b_n + 0 + 0 \quad \therefore b_n = \frac{1}{\pi} \int_0^{2\pi} f(x) \cos nx dx$$

## フーリエ級数 《例題 1》

$f(x) = a_1 \sin x + a_2 \sin 2x + \cdots + a_n \sin nx + \cdots + b_0 + b_1 \cos x + b_2 \cos 2x + \cdots + b_n \cos nx + \cdots$  を求める。



$$a_n = \frac{1}{\pi} \int_0^{2\pi} f(x) \sin nx dx = \frac{1}{\pi} \int_0^{\pi} I_m \sin nx dx = \frac{I_m}{\pi} \left[ -\frac{\cos nx}{n} \right]_0^{\pi} = \frac{I_m}{n\pi} (-\cos n\pi + 1) \cdots \textcircled{1}$$

①は  $n$  が偶数なら 0。従って  $n$  が奇数のとき、

$$= \frac{I_m}{n\pi} (1 + 1) = \frac{2I_m}{n\pi} \cdots \textcircled{2}$$

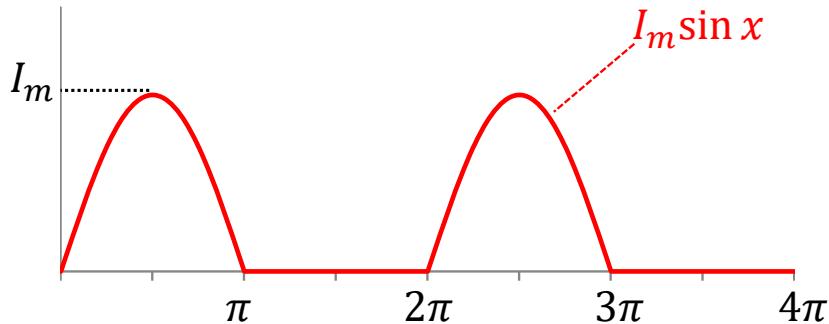
$$b_0 = \frac{1}{2\pi} \int_0^{2\pi} f(x) dx = \frac{1}{2\pi} \int_0^{\pi} I_m dx = \frac{I_m}{2\pi} [x]_0^{\pi} = \frac{I_m}{2\pi} (\pi - 0) = \frac{I_m}{2} \cdots \textcircled{3}$$

$$b_n = \frac{1}{\pi} \int_0^{2\pi} f(x) \cos nx dx = \frac{1}{\pi} \int_0^{\pi} I_m \cos nx dx = \frac{I_m}{\pi} \int_0^{\pi} I_m \cos nx dx = \frac{I_m}{\pi} \left[ \frac{\sin nx}{n} \right]_0^{\pi} = \frac{I_m}{n\pi} (\sin n\pi - 0) = 0 \cdots \textcircled{4}$$

$$\textcircled{2}, \textcircled{3}, \textcircled{4} \text{ より } f(x) = \frac{I_m}{2} + \frac{2I_m}{\pi} \left( \sin x + \frac{1}{3} \sin 3x + \frac{1}{5} \sin 5x + \cdots \right)$$

## フーリエ級数 《例題 2》

$f(x) = a_1 \sin x + a_2 \sin 2x + \cdots + a_n \sin nx + \cdots + b_0 + b_1 \cos x + b_2 \cos 2x + \cdots + b_n \cos nx + \cdots$  を求める。



②, ③, ⑤より

$$f(x) = \frac{I_m}{2} \sin x + \frac{I_m}{\pi} - \frac{2I_m}{\pi} \left( \frac{1}{3} \cos 2x + \frac{1}{15} \cos 4x + \frac{1}{35} \cos 6x + \cdots \right)$$

$$a_n = \frac{1}{\pi} \int_0^{2\pi} f(x) \sin nx dx = \frac{1}{\pi} \int_0^{\pi} I_m \sin x \cdot \sin nx dx = \frac{I_m}{2\pi} \int_0^{2\pi} \{\cos(n-1)x - \cos(n+1)x\} dx = \frac{I_m}{2\pi} \left[ \frac{\sin(n-1)x}{n-1} - \frac{\sin(n+1)x}{n+1} \right]_0^{\pi}$$

①は  $n \neq 1$  なら 0。従って  $n = 1$  のとき、

$$= \frac{1}{\pi} \int_0^{\pi} I_m \sin^2 x dx = \frac{I_m}{2\pi} \int_0^{\pi} \{1 - \cos 2x\} dx = \frac{I_m}{2\pi} \left[ x - \frac{\sin 2x}{2} \right]_0^{\pi} = \frac{I_m}{2\pi} (\pi - 0 - 0 + 0) = \frac{I_m}{2} \quad \cdots ②$$

$$b_0 = \frac{1}{2\pi} \int_0^{2\pi} f(x) dx = \frac{1}{2\pi} \int_0^{\pi} I_m \sin x dx = \frac{I_m}{2\pi} [-\cos x]_0^{\pi} = \frac{I_m}{2\pi} (-\cos \pi + \cos 0) = \frac{I_m}{\pi} \quad \cdots ③$$

$$b_n = \frac{1}{\pi} \int_0^{2\pi} f(x) \cos nx dx = \frac{1}{\pi} \int_0^{\pi} I_m \sin x \cos nx dx = \frac{I_m}{2\pi} \int_0^{\pi} \{\sin(n+1)x - \sin(n-1)x\} dx = \frac{I_m}{2\pi} \left[ -\frac{\cos(n+1)x}{n+1} + \frac{\cos(n-1)x}{n-1} \right]_0^{\pi}$$

④は  $n$  が奇数なら 0。従って  $n$  が偶数のとき、

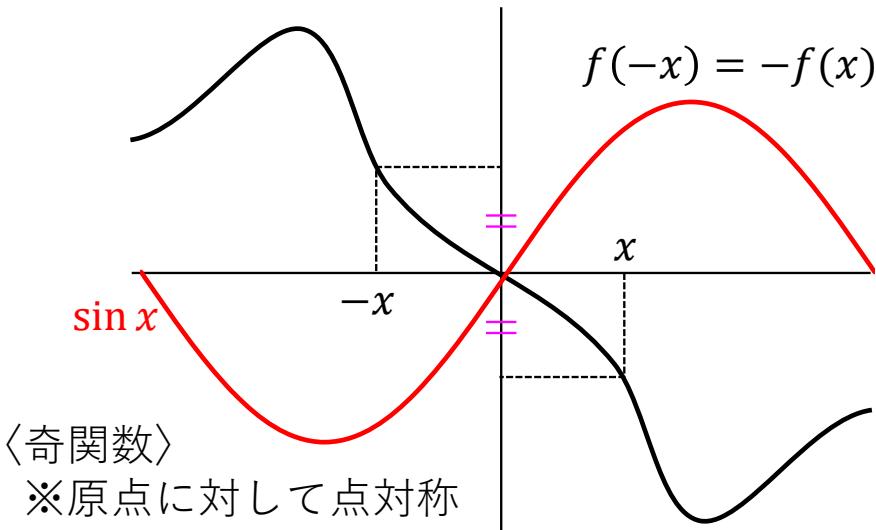
$$= \frac{I_m}{2\pi} \left( \frac{1}{n+1} - \frac{1}{n-1} + \frac{1}{n+1} - \frac{1}{n-1} \right) = \frac{I_m}{\pi} \left( \frac{n-1}{(n+1)(n-1)} - \frac{n+1}{(n+1)(n-1)} \right) = -\frac{2I_m}{\pi(n^2-1)} \quad \cdots ⑤$$

## フーリエ級数 《奇関数のフーリエ級数展開》

$$\begin{aligned}
 f(x) &= \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} (a_n \sin nx + b_n \cos nx) = [a_0 \sin 0] + a_1 \sin x + a_2 \cos 2x + \cdots + a_n \sin nx + \cdots \\
 &\quad + [b_0 \cos 0] + b_1 \cos x + b_2 \cos 2x + \cdots + b_n \cos nx + \cdots \\
 &= \frac{a_1 \sin x + a_2 \sin 2x + \cdots + a_n \sin nx + \cdots}{\text{奇関数成分}} + \cancel{b_0 + b_1 \cos x + b_2 \cos 2x + \cdots + b_n \cos nx + \cdots}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$a_n = \frac{1}{\pi} \int_0^{2\pi} f(x) \sin nx \, dx \quad \longrightarrow$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 a_n &= \frac{1}{\pi} \left\{ \int_{-\pi}^0 f(x) \sin nx \, dx + \int_0^{\pi} f(x) \sin nx \, dx \right\} \\
 &= \frac{1}{\pi} \left\{ \int_{-\pi}^0 f(-x) \sin n(-x) \, d(-x) + \int_0^{\pi} f(x) \sin nx \, dx \right\} \\
 &= \frac{1}{\pi} \left\{ - \int_{-\pi}^0 -f(x) \cdot -\sin nx \, dx + \int_0^{\pi} f(x) \sin nx \, dx \right\} \\
 &= \frac{1}{\pi} \left\{ \int_0^{\pi} f(x) \sin nx \, dx + \int_0^{\pi} f(x) \sin nx \, dx \right\} \\
 &= \frac{2}{\pi} \int_0^{\pi} f(x) \sin nx \, dx
 \end{aligned}$$

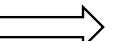


## フーリエ級数 《偶関数のフーリエ級数展開》

$$f(x) = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} (a_n \sin nx + b_n \cos nx) = \cancel{a_1 \sin x + a_2 \sin 2x + \dots + a_n \sin nx + \dots} + \underline{b_0 + b_1 \cos x + b_2 \cos 2x + \dots + b_n \cos nx + \dots}$$

偶関数成分

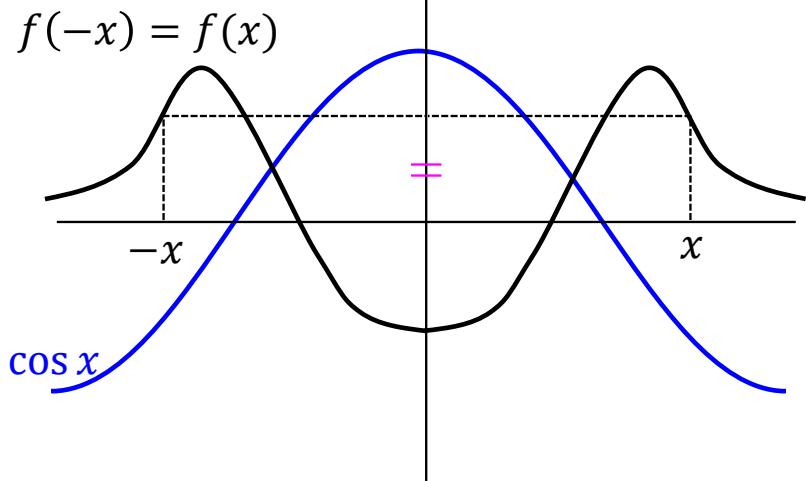
$$\begin{cases} b_0 = \frac{1}{2\pi} \int_0^{2\pi} f(x) dx \\ b_n = \frac{1}{\pi} \int_0^{2\pi} f(x) \cos nx dx \end{cases}$$



$$\begin{cases} b_0 = \frac{1}{2\pi} \left\{ \int_{-\pi}^0 f(x) dx + \int_0^{\pi} f(x) dx \right\} \\ = \frac{1}{2\pi} \left\{ \int_{-\pi}^0 f(-x) d(-x) + \int_0^{\pi} f(x) dx \right\} \\ = \frac{1}{2\pi} \left\{ - \int_{-\pi}^0 f(x) dx + \int_0^{\pi} f(x) dx \right\} \\ = \frac{1}{2\pi} \left\{ \int_0^{\pi} f(x) dx + \int_0^{\pi} f(x) dx \right\} = \frac{1}{\pi} \int_0^{\pi} f(x) dx \\ b_n = \frac{1}{\pi} \left\{ \int_{-\pi}^0 f(x) \cos nx dx + \int_0^{\pi} f(x) \cos nx dx \right\} \\ = \frac{1}{\pi} \left\{ \int_{-\pi}^0 f(-x) \cos n(-x) d(-x) + \int_0^{\pi} f(x) \cos nx dx \right\} \\ = \frac{1}{\pi} \left\{ - \int_{-\pi}^0 f(x) \cos nx dx + \int_0^{\pi} f(x) \cos nx dx \right\} \\ = \frac{1}{\pi} \left\{ \int_0^{\pi} f(x) \cos nx dx + \int_0^{\pi} f(x) \cos nx dx \right\} \\ = \frac{2}{\pi} \int_0^{\pi} f(x) \cos nx dx \end{cases}$$

〈偶関数〉

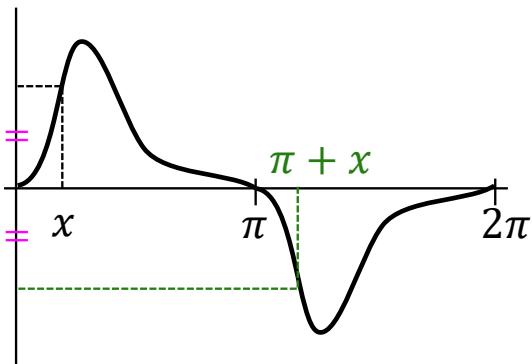
※y軸に対して左右対称



## フーリエ級数 《対称波のフーリエ級数展開》

$$f(x) = a_1 \sin x + a_2 \sin 2x + \cdots + a_n \sin nx + \cdots + b_0 + b_1 \cos x + b_2 \cos 2x + \cdots + b_n \cos nx + \cdots$$

対称波



$$f(\pi + x) = -f(x)$$

$$a_n = \frac{2}{\pi} \int_0^{\pi} f(x) \sin nx dx$$

$$b_0 = 0$$

$$b_n = \frac{2}{\pi} \int_0^{\pi} f(x) \cos nx dx$$

$$n = 1, 3, 5, 7, 9 \dots$$

$$a_n = \frac{1}{\pi} \int_0^{2\pi} f(x) \sin nx dx = \frac{1}{\pi} \left\{ \int_0^{\pi} f(x) \sin nx dx + \int_{\pi}^{2\pi} f(x) \sin nx dx \right\}$$

$$= \frac{1}{\pi} \left\{ \int_0^{\pi} f(x) \sin nx dx + \int_0^{\pi} f(\pi + x) \sin n(\pi + x) d(\pi + x) \right\}$$

$$= \frac{1}{\pi} \left\{ \int_0^{\pi} f(x) \sin nx dx + \int_0^{\pi} -f(x) \sin n(n\pi + nx) dx \right\}$$

$$= \frac{1}{\pi} \left\{ \int_0^{\pi} f(x) \sin nx dx - (-1)x^n \int_0^{\pi} f(x) \sin nx dx \right\}$$

$$n \text{が奇数のとき } a_n = 0, n \text{が偶数のとき } a_n = \frac{2}{\pi} \int_0^{\pi} f(x) \sin nx dx$$

$$b_0 = \frac{1}{2\pi} \int_0^{2\pi} f(x) dx = \frac{1}{2\pi} \left\{ \int_0^{\pi} f(x) dx + \int_{\pi}^{2\pi} f(x) dx \right\} =$$

$$= \frac{1}{2\pi} \left\{ \int_0^{\pi} f(x) dx + \int_0^{\pi} f(\pi + x) d(\pi + x) \right\} = \frac{1}{2\pi} \left\{ \int_0^{\pi} f(x) dx - \int_0^{\pi} f(x) dx \right\} = 0$$

$$b_n = \frac{1}{\pi} \int_0^{2\pi} f(x) \cos nx dx = \frac{1}{\pi} \left\{ \int_0^{\pi} f(x) \cos nx dx + \int_{\pi}^{2\pi} f(x) \cos nx dx \right\}$$

$$= \frac{1}{\pi} \left\{ \int_0^{\pi} f(x) \cos nx dx + \int_0^{\pi} f(\pi + x) \cos n(\pi + x) d(\pi + x) \right\}$$

$$= \frac{1}{\pi} \left\{ \int_0^{\pi} f(x) \cos nx dx + \int_0^{\pi} -f(x) \cos n(n\pi + nx) dx \right\}$$

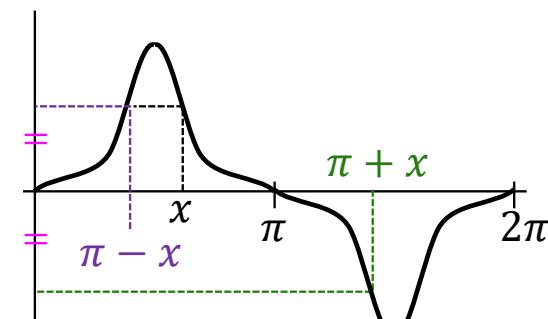
$$= \frac{1}{\pi} \left\{ \int_0^{\pi} f(x) \cos nx dx - (-1)x^n \int_0^{\pi} f(x) \cos nx dx \right\}$$

$$n \text{が奇数のとき } b_n = 0, n \text{が偶数のとき } b_n = \frac{2}{\pi} \int_0^{\pi} f(x) \cos nx dx$$

## フーリエ級数 《1／4波対称のフーリエ級数展開》

$$f(x) = a_1 \sin x + a_2 \sin 2x + \cdots + a_n \sin nx + \cdots + b_0 + b_1 \cos x + b_2 \cos 2x + \cdots + b_n \cos nx + \cdots$$

1／4波対称



$$f(\pi + x) = -f(x)$$

$$f(\pi - x) = f(x) = -f(-x)$$

$$a_n = \frac{4}{\pi} \int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} f(x) \sin nx \, dx$$

$$b_0 = 0$$

$$b_n = 0$$

$$n = 1, 3, 5, 7, 9 \dots$$

奇関数となっているので  $b_0 = 0$ 、  $b_n = 0$

$$a_n = \frac{1}{\pi} \int_0^{2\pi} f(x) \sin nx \, dx = \frac{1}{\pi} \left\{ \int_{-\pi}^0 f(x) \sin nx \, dx + \int_0^\pi f(x) \sin nx \, dx \right\} \dots \textcircled{1}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \int_{-\pi}^0 f(x) \sin nx \, dx &= \int_\pi^0 f(-x) \sin n(-x) \, d(-x) = - \int_\pi^0 -f(x)(-\sin nx) \, dx \\ &= \int_0^\pi f(x) \sin nx \, dx = 2 \int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} f(x) \sin nx \, dx \dots \textcircled{2} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \int_0^\pi f(x) \sin nx \, dx &= \int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} f(x) \sin nx \, dx + \int_{\frac{\pi}{2}}^\pi f(x) \sin nx \, dx \\ &= \int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} f(x) \sin nx \, dx + \int_{\frac{\pi}{2}}^0 f(\pi - x) \sin n(\pi - x) \, d(\pi - x) \\ &= \int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} f(x) \sin nx \, dx - \int_{\frac{\pi}{2}}^0 f(x) \sin(n\pi - nx) \, dx \\ &= \int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} f(x) \sin nx \, dx - (-1)x^n \int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} f(x) \sin nx \, dx \end{aligned}$$

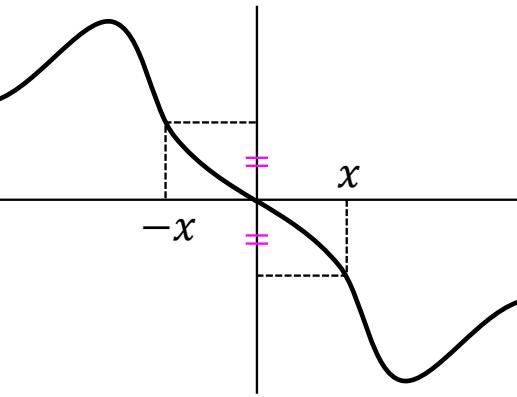
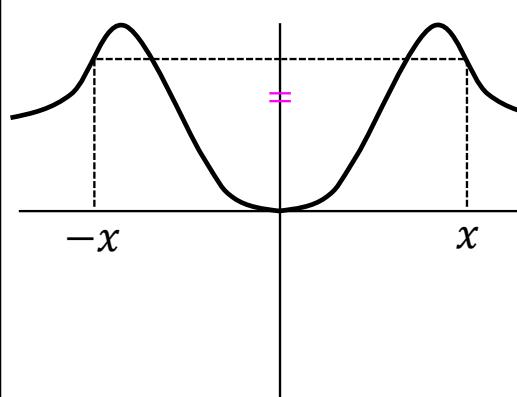
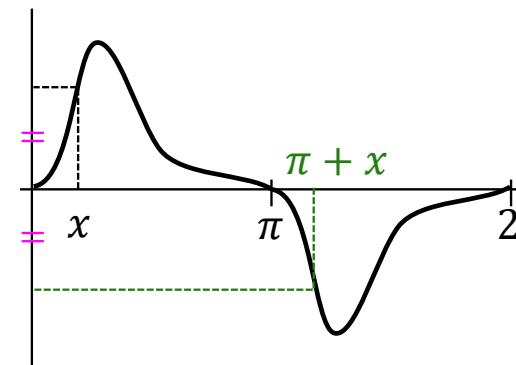
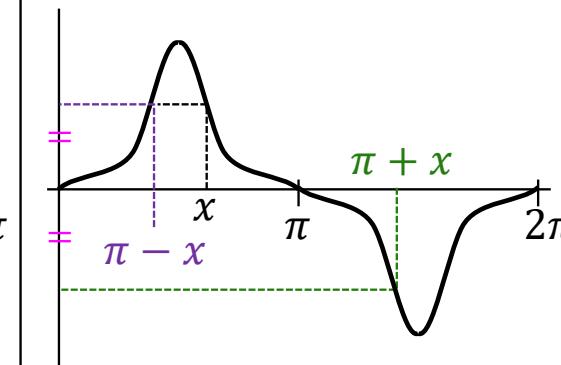
$$n \text{が偶数のとき } a_n = 0, n \text{が奇数のとき } b_n = 2 \int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} f(x) \sin nx \, dx \dots \textcircled{3}$$

$n$ が偶数として①に②③を代入すると、

$$a_n = \frac{1}{\pi} \left\{ 2 \int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} f(x) \sin nx \, dx + 2 \int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} f(x) \sin nx \, dx \right\} = \frac{4}{\pi} \int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} f(x) \sin nx \, dx$$

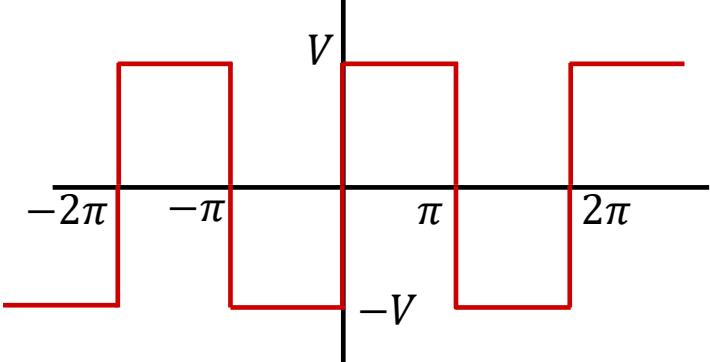
## フーリエ級数 《特殊波形のフーリエ級数展開まとめ》

$$f(x) = a_1 \sin x + a_2 \sin 2x + \cdots + a_n \sin nx + \cdots + b_0 + b_1 \cos x + b_2 \cos 2x + \cdots + b_n \cos nx + \cdots$$

奇関数	偶関数	対称波	1/4波対称
 <p><math>f(-x) = -f(x)</math></p>	 <p><math>f(-x) = f(x)</math></p>	 <p><math>f(\pi + x) = -f(x)</math></p>	 <p><math>f(\pi + x) = -f(x)</math> <math>f(\pi - x) = f(x)</math></p>
$a_n = \frac{2}{\pi} \int_0^{\pi} f(x) \sin nx dx$ $b_0 = 0$ $b_n = 0$ $n = 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 \dots$	$a_n = 0$ $b_0 = \frac{1}{\pi} \int_0^{\pi} f(x) dx$ $b_n = \frac{2}{\pi} \int_0^{\pi} f(x) \cos nx dx$ $n = 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 \dots$	$a_n = \frac{2}{\pi} \int_0^{\pi} f(x) \sin nx dx$ $b_0 = 0$ $b_n = \frac{2}{\pi} \int_0^{\pi} f(x) \cos nx dx$ $n = 1, 3, 5, 7, 9 \dots$	$a_n = \frac{4}{\pi} \int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} f(x) \sin nx dx$ $b_0 = 0$ $b_n = 0$ $n = 1, 3, 5, 7, 9 \dots$

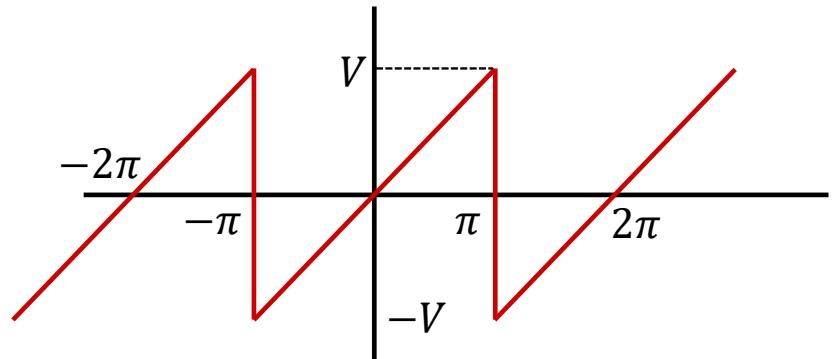
## フーリエ級数 《例題 3》

$f(x) = a_1 \sin x + a_2 \sin 2x + \cdots + a_n \sin nx + \cdots + b_0 + b_1 \cos x + b_2 \cos 2x + \cdots + b_n \cos nx + \cdots$  を求める。



1／4波対称なので、 $b_0 = 0$ 、 $b_n = 0$ 、nは奇数のみ

$$\begin{aligned} a_n &= \frac{4}{\pi} \int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} f(x) \sin nx \, dx = \frac{4}{\pi} \int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} V \sin nx \, dx = \frac{4V}{\pi} \left[ -\frac{\cos nx}{n} \right]_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \\ &= \frac{4V}{n\pi} \left( -\cos \frac{n\pi}{2} + \cos 0 \right) = \frac{4V}{n\pi} \left( 1 - \cos \frac{n\pi}{2} \right) = \frac{4V}{n\pi} \quad (n = 1, 3, 5, 7, \dots) \\ \therefore f(x) &= \frac{4V}{\pi} \left( \sin x + \frac{1}{3} \sin 3x + \frac{1}{5} \sin 5x + \frac{1}{7} \sin 7x + \dots \right) \end{aligned}$$



奇関数なので、 $b_0 = 0$ 、 $b_n = 0$

$$\begin{aligned} a_n &= \frac{2}{\pi} \int_0^{\pi} f(x) \sin nx \, dx = \frac{2}{\pi} \int_0^{\pi} \frac{V}{\pi} x \sin nx \, dx = \frac{2V}{\pi^2} \int_0^{\pi} x \sin nx \, dx \\ &= \frac{2V}{\pi^2} \left\{ \left[ x \cdot -\frac{\cos nx}{n} \right]_0^{\pi} - \int_0^{\pi} \left( -\frac{\cos nx}{n} \right) dx \right\} \\ &= \frac{2V}{\pi^2} \left\{ -\frac{\pi}{n} \cos n\pi + \left[ \frac{\sin nx}{n^2} \right]_0^{\pi} \right\} = \frac{2V}{\pi^2} \left( -\frac{\pi}{n} \cos n\pi + \frac{\sin n\pi}{n^2} \right) \\ &= -\frac{2V}{n\pi} \cos n\pi = -\frac{2V}{n\pi} (-1)^n = \frac{2V}{n\pi} (-1)^{n+1} \end{aligned}$$

$$\therefore f(x) = \frac{2V}{\pi} \left( \sin x - \frac{1}{2} \sin 2x + \frac{1}{3} \sin 3x - \frac{1}{4} \sin 4x + \dots \right)$$

## フーリエ級数 《例題 4》

$f(x) = a_1 \sin x + a_2 \sin 2x + \cdots + a_n \sin nx + \cdots + b_0 + b_1 \cos x + b_2 \cos 2x + \cdots + b_n \cos nx + \cdots$  を求める。

偶関数なので、 $a_n = 0$

$$b_0 = \frac{1}{\pi} \int_0^\pi f(x) dx = \frac{1}{\pi} \int_0^a V dx = \frac{V}{\pi} [x]_0^a = \frac{Va}{\pi}$$

$$b_n = \frac{2}{\pi} \int_0^\pi f(x) \cos nx dx = \frac{2}{\pi} \int_0^a V \cos nx dx = \frac{2V}{\pi} \left[ \frac{\sin nx}{n} \right]_0^a = \frac{2V}{\pi n} \sin na$$

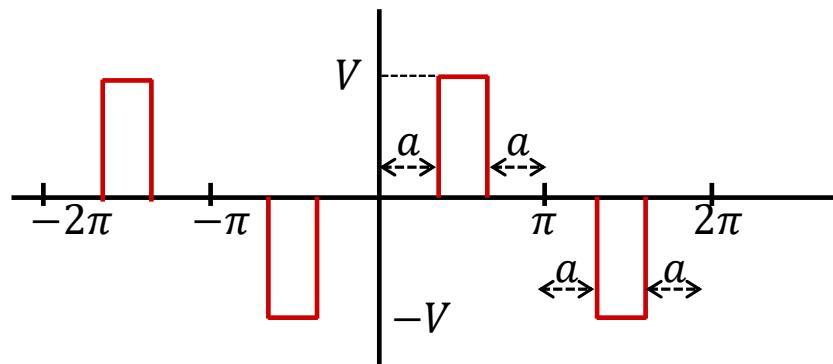
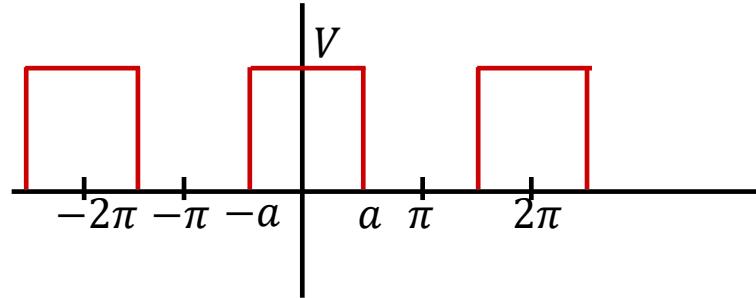
$$\therefore f(x) = \frac{2V}{\pi} \left( \frac{a}{2} + \sin a \cos x + \frac{1}{2} \sin 2a \cos 2x + \frac{1}{3} \sin 3a \cos 3x + \cdots \right)$$

1/4 波対称なので、 $b_0 = 0$ 、 $b_n = 0$ 、 $n$ は奇数のみ

$$a_n = \frac{4}{\pi} \int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} f(x) \sin nx dx = \frac{4}{\pi} \int_a^{\frac{\pi}{2}} V \sin nx dx = \frac{4V}{\pi} \left[ -\frac{\cos nx}{n} \right]_a^{\frac{\pi}{2}}$$

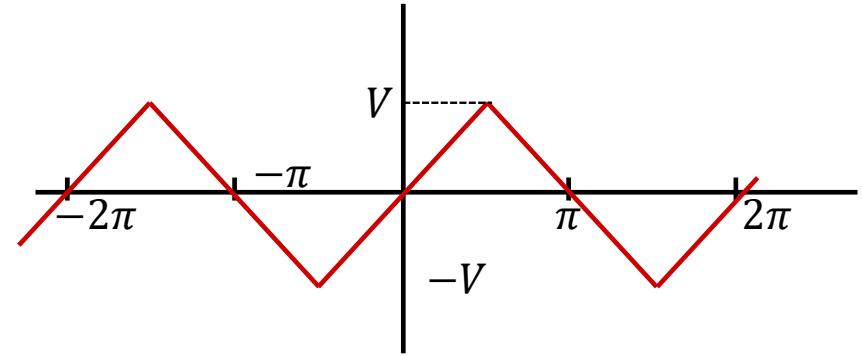
$$= \frac{4V}{n\pi} \left( -\cos \frac{n\pi}{2} + \cos na \right) = \frac{4V}{n\pi} \cos na \quad (n = 1, 3, 5, 7, \dots)$$

$$\therefore f(x) = \frac{4V}{\pi} \left( \cos a \sin x + \frac{1}{3} \cos 3a \sin 3x + \frac{1}{5} \cos 5a \sin 5x + \cdots \right)$$



## フーリエ級数 《例題 5》

$f(x) = a_1 \sin x + a_2 \sin 2x + \cdots + a_n \sin nx + \cdots + b_0 + b_1 \cos x + b_2 \cos 2x + \cdots + b_n \cos nx + \cdots$  を求める。



1／4波対称なので、 $b_0 = 0$ 、 $b_n = 0$ 、nは奇数のみ

$$\begin{aligned} a_n &= \frac{4}{\pi} \int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} f(x) \sin nx \, dx = \frac{4}{\pi} \int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \frac{2V}{\pi} x \sin nx \, dx = \frac{8V}{\pi^2} \int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} x \sin nx \, dx \\ &= \frac{8V}{\pi^2} \left\{ \left[ x \cdot -\frac{\cos nx}{n} \right]_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} - \int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \left( -\frac{\cos nx}{n} \right) dx \right\} \\ &= \frac{8V}{\pi^2} \left\{ -\frac{\pi}{2n} \cos \frac{n\pi}{2} + \left[ \frac{\sin nx}{n^2} \right]_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \right\} = \frac{8V}{n^2 \pi^2} \sin \frac{n\pi}{2} \quad (n = 1, 3, 5, 7, \dots) \end{aligned}$$

$$n = 1, 5, 9, 13, \dots \text{のとき}, a_n = \frac{8V}{n^2 \pi^2}$$

$$n = 3, 7, 11, 15, \dots \text{のとき}, a_n = -\frac{8V}{n^2 \pi^2}$$

$$\therefore f(x) = \frac{8V}{\pi^2} \left( \sin x - \frac{1}{9} \sin 3x + \frac{1}{25} \sin 5x - \frac{1}{49} \sin 7x + \cdots \right)$$